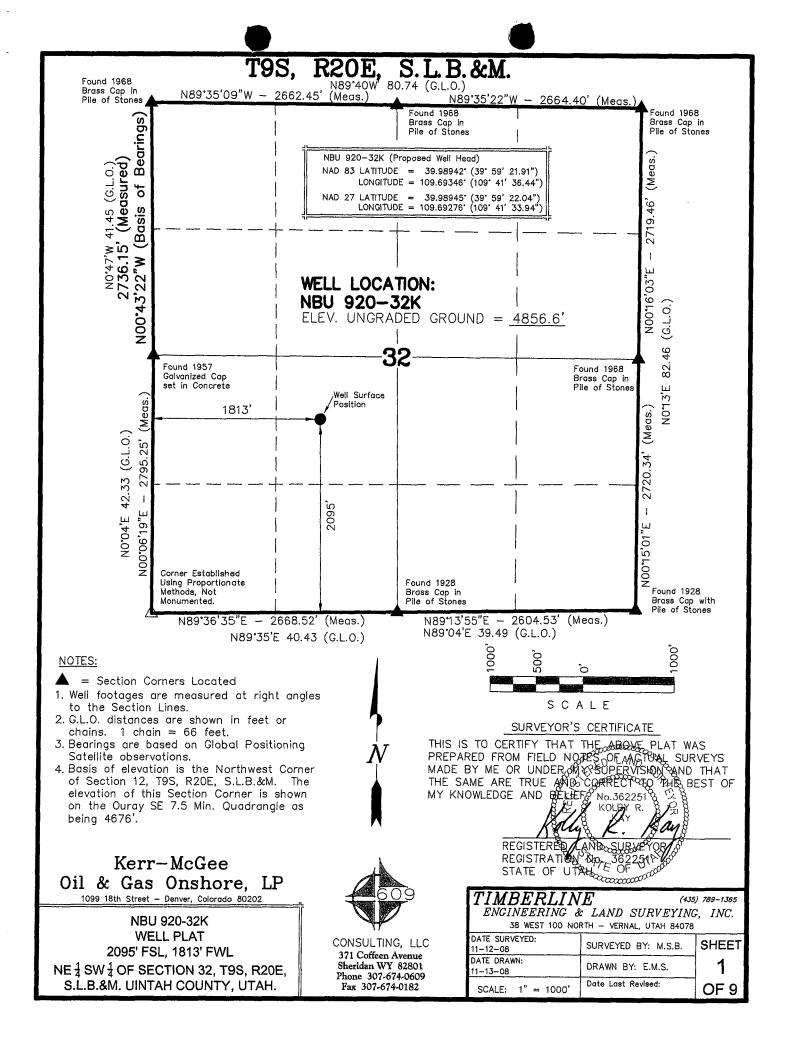
	STATE OF UTAH					FORM 3	
			IENT OF NATURAL RE I OF OIL. GAS AND		AME	NDED REPORT	
		DIVISION	I OI OIL, GAG ANL	VIVIIIVIIVG		nlight changes)	
	Α	PPLICATION FOR P	ERMIT TO DRIL		5. MINERAL LEASE NO: ML-22140	6. SURFACE: Tribal	
1A. TYPE OF WO	RK: DRIL	L X REENTER	DEEPEN		7. IF INDIAN, ALLOTTEE OF Ute Tribe		
B. TYPE OF WEL	L: OIL	GAS X OTHER	SINGLE ZONE	MULTIPLE ZONE X	8. UNIT of CA AGREEMEN 891008900A	ΓNAME:	
2. NAME OF OPE	RATOR:		OMGEE ZONE	L MOETH EL ZONE X	9. WELL NAME and NUMB	ER:	
	Kerr-McGee Oil & Gas Onshore, LP Raleen White 3. ADDRESS OF OPERATOR: PHONE NUMBER:				NBU 920-32K	AU DOAT:	
	PO Box 173779 Denver CO 80202-3779 720-929-6666				Natural Buttes Fie	eld	
4. LOCATION OF	WELL (FOOTAGES)	611603 X			11. QTR/QTR, SECTION, TO MERIDIAN:	OWNSHIP, RANGE,	
AT SURFACE	E: 2,095' FSI	_ 1,813' FWL Lat:		: -109.692760 NAD	- · · ·	S R 20E	
	ED PRODUCING ZON			-109.692815	S.L.B.& M.	ESW 13. STATE	
		ON FROM NEAREST TOWN OR POST 4 miles south of Vernal, Ut			Uintah	UTAH	
	````	TY OR LEASE LINE (FEET)	16. NUMBER OF ACRE	ES IN LEASE:	17. NUMBER OF ACRES ASSIG	INED TO THIS WELL:	
1,813'	·····		320.00		Unit well		
		RILLING, COMPLETED, OR	19. PROPOSED DEPT	Н:	20. BOND DESCRIPTION:		
#1.000 '	ON THIS LEASE (FE	EI)	10,500 ' N	ID	22013542		
	(SHOW WHETHER D	F, RT, GR, ETC.):	22. APPROXIMATE DA	TE WORK WILL START:	23. ESTIMATED DURATION:		
	4,869 ' KB		ASAP		10 days	10 days	
24.		PROPO	SED CASING AND C	EMENTING PROGRAM			
SIZE OF HOLE	CASING SIZE, G	BRADE, AND WEIGHT PER FOOT	SETTING DEPTH	CEMENT TYPE,	QUANTITY, YIELD, AND SLURRY	/ WEIGHT	
12.25"	9.625"	J-55 36#	2,700 ' (MD)	Premium Cement	215	1.18 15.60	
<u></u>				Premium Cement	50	1.18 15.60	
7.875"	4.5"	P-110 11.6#	10,500 ' (MD)	Premium Lite II	510	3.38 11.00	
				50/50 Poz G	1,660	1.31 14.30	
25.			ATTACHM	ENTS			
VERIFY THE FOL	LOWING ARE ATTAC	HED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UT	AH OIL AND GAS CONSER	/ATION GENERAL RULES:			
X WELL PLAT	FOR MAP PREPARED	BY LICENSED SURVEYOR OR ENG	INEER X	COMPLETE DRILLING PLAN			
X EVIDENCE OF DIVISION OF WATER RIGHTS APPROVAL FOR USE OF WATER FORM 5, IF OPERATOR IS PERSON OR COMPANY OTHER THAN THE LEASE OWNER							
					·····		
NAME (PLEASE F	PRINT) Raleer	white		тітье Sr. Regulatory	Analyst		
		m with it.	Appr	oved by the	1 FT YOU		
SIGNATURE	Au	1 VIVIL	Utah	Division of			
(This space for Sta Fedel	n is Necessar)	this /	Oil, Ga	s and Mining	RECEIVED		
API NUMBER		43-047, 405 62	Date: O	TROVAL:	FEB 17 2009	9 4 6	
A. HADINGE!			By: Die	DIV. C	OF OIL, GAS & MINING		
(11/2001)				14			



NBU 920-32K NESW Sec. 32, T9S R20E UINTAH COUNTY, UTAH ML-22140

ONSHORE ORDER NO. 1

DRILLING PROGRAM

1.-2. Estimated Tops of Important Geologic Markers: Estimated Depths of Anticipated Water, Oil, Gas, or Mineral Formations:

<u>Formation</u>	<u>Depth</u>	Resource
Uinta	0 – Surface	
Green River	1,612'	
Birds Nest	1,842'	Water
Mahogany	2,288'	Water
Wasatch	5,078'	Gas
Mesaverde	8,426'	Gas
MVU2	9,286'	Gas
MVL1	9,797'	Gas
TD	10.500'	

3. <u>Pressure Control Equipment</u> (Schematic Attached)

Please see the Natural Buttes Unit Standard Operating Procedure (SOP).

4. Proposed Casing & Cementing Program:

Please see the Natural Buttes Unit SOP. See attached drilling diagram.

5. <u>Drilling Fluids Program:</u>

Please see the Natural Buttes Unit SOP.

6. <u>Evaluation Program</u>:

Please see the Natural Buttes Unit SOP.

7. Abnormal Conditions:

Maximum anticipated bottomhole pressure calculated at 10,500' TD, approximately equals 6,705 psi (calculated at 0.64 psi/foot).

Maximum anticipated surface pressure equals approximately 4,395 psi (bottomhole pressure minus the pressure of a partially evacuated hole calculated at 0.22 psi/foot).

8. Anticipated Starting Dates:

Drilling is planned to commence immediately upon approval of this application.

9. Variances:

Please see Natural Buttes Unit SOP Onshore Order #2 – Air Drilling Variance
Kerr-McGee Oil & Gas Onshore LP (KMG) respectfully requests a variance to several
requirements associated with air drilling outlined in Onshore Order 2

- Blowout Prevention Equipment (BOPE) requirements;
- Mud program requirements; and
- Special drilling operation (surface equipment placement) requirements associated with air drilling.

This Standard Operating Practices addendum provides supporting information as to why KMG current air drilling practices for constructing the surface casing hole should be granted a variance to Onshore Order 2 air drilling requirements.

The reader should note that the air rig is used only to construct a stable surface casing hole through a historically difficult lost circulation zone. A conventional rotary rig follows the air rig, and is used to drill and construct the majority of the wellbore.

More notable, KMG has used the air rig layout and procedures outlined below to drill the surface casing hole in approximately 675 wells without incident of blow out or loss of life.

Background

In a typical well, KMG utilizes an air rig for drilling the surface casing hole, an interval from the surface to surface casing depths, which varies in depth from 1,700 to 2,800 feet. The air rig drilling operation does not drill through productive or over pressured formations in KMG field, but does penetrate the Uinta and Green River Formations. The purpose of the air drilling operation is to overcome the severe loss circulation zone in the Green River known as the Bird's Nest while creating a stable hole for the surface casing. The surface casing hole is generally drilled to approximately 500 feet below the Bird's Nest.

Before the surface air rig is mobilized, a rathole rig is utilized to set and cement conductor pipe through a competent surface formation. Generally, the conductor is set at 40 feet. In some cases, conductor may be set deeper in areas that the surface formation is not found competent. This rig also drills the rat and mouse holes in preparation for the surface casing and production string drilling operations.

The air rig is then mobilized to drill the surface casing hole by drilling a 12-1/4 inch hole to just above the Bird's Nest interval with an air hammer. The hammer is then tripped and replaced with a 12-1/4 inch tri-cone bit. The tri-cone bit is used to drill to the surface casing point, approximately 500 feet below the loss circulation zone (Bird's Nest). The 9-5/8 inch surface casing is then run and cemented in place, thereby isolating the lost circulation zone.

KMG fully appreciates Onshore Order 2 well control and safety requirements associated with a typical air drilling operations. However, the requirements of Onshore Order 2 are excessive with respect to the air rig layout and drilling operation procedures that are currently in practice to drill and control the surface casing hole in KMG Fields.

Variance for BOPE Requirements

The air rig operation utilizes a properly lubricated and maintained air bowl diverter system which diverts the drilling returns to a six-inch blooie line. The air bowl is the only piece of BOPE equipment which is installed during drilling operations and is sufficient to contain the air returns associated with this drilling operation. As was discussed earlier, the drilling of the surface hole does not encounter any over pressured or productive zones, and as a result standard BOPE equipment should not be required. In addition, standard drilling practices do not support the use of BOPE on 40 feet of conductor pipe.

Variance for Mud Material Requirements

Onshore Order 2 also states that sufficient quantities of mud materials shall be maintained or readily accessible for the purpose of assuring adequate well control. Once again, the surface hole drilling operations does not encounter over pressured or productive intervals, and as a result there is not a need to control pressure in the surface hole with a mud system. Instead of mud, the air rigs utilize water from the reserve pit for well control, if necessary. A skid pump which is located near the reserve pit (see attachment) will supply the water to the well bore.

Variance for Special Drilling Operation (surface equipment placement) Requirements Onshore Order 2 requires specific safety distances or setbacks for the placement of associated standard air drilling equipment, wellbore, and reserve pits. The air rigs used to drill the surface holes are not typical of an air rig used to drill a producing hole in other parts of the US. These are smaller in nature and designed to fit a KMG location. The typical air rig layout for drilling surface hole in the field is attached.

Typically the blooie line discharge point is required to be 100 feet from the well bore. In the case of a KMG well, the reserve pit is only 45 feet from the rig and is used for the drill cuttings. The blooie line, which transports the drill cuttings from the well to the reserve pit, subsequently discharges only 45 feet from the well bore.

Typically the air rig compressors are required to be located in the opposite direction from the blooie line and a minimum of 100 feet from the well bore. At the KMG locations, the air rig compressors are approximately 40 feet from the well bore and approximately 60 feet from the blooie line discharge due to the unique air rig design. The air compressors (see attachment) are located on the rig (1250 cfm) and on a standby trailer (1170 cfm). A booster sits between the two compressors and boosts the output from 350 psi to 2000 psi. The design does put the booster and standby compressor opposite from the blooie line.

Lastly, Onshore Order 2 addresses the need for an automatic igniter or continuous pilot light on the blooie line. The air rig does not utilize an igniter as the surface hole drilling operation does not encounter productive formations.

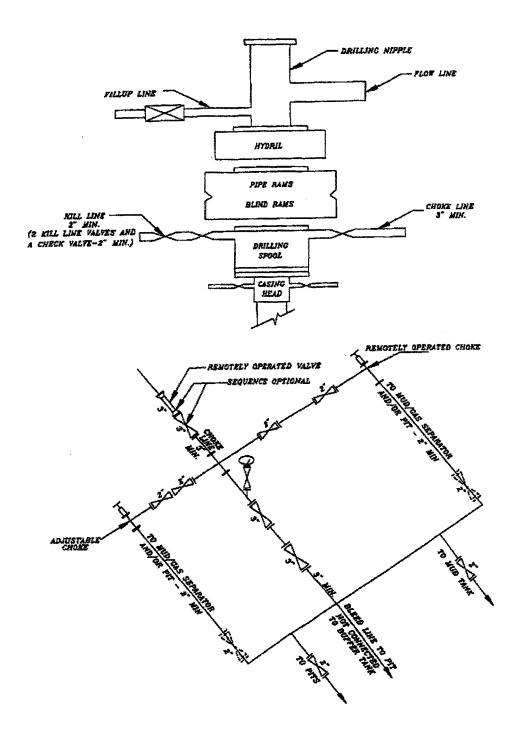
Conclusion

The air rig operating procedures and the attached air rig layout have effectively maintained well control while drilling the surface holes in KMG Fields. KMG respectfully requests a variance from Onshore Order 2 with respect to air drilling well control requirements as discussed above.

10. Other Information:

Please see Natural Buttes Unit SOP.

EXHIBIT A NBU 920-32K



NBU 920-32K NESW Sec. 32 T9S R20E UINTAH COUNTY, UTAH ML-22140

ONSHORE ORDER NO. 1

MULTI-POINT SURFACE USE & OPERATIONS PLAN

1. Existing Roads:

Refer to the attached location directions.

Refer to Topo Maps A and B for location of access roads within a 2-mile radius.

2. Planned Access Roads:

Approximately ±2,200' of new access road is proposed. Refer to Topo Map B.

Existence of pipelines; maximum grade; turnouts; major cut and fills, culverts, or bridges; gates, cattle guards, fence cuts, or modifications to existing facilities were determined at the on-site.

Please see the Natural Buttes Unit Standard Operating Procedure (SOP).

3. Location of Existing Wells Within a 1-Mile Radius:

Please refer to Topo Map C.

4. <u>Location of Existing & Proposed Facilities:</u>

Please see the Natural Buttes Unit SOP.

Refer to Topo Map D for the location of the proposed pipelines.

Variances to Best Management Practices (BMPs) Requested:

This exception to the BMP should be granted by the BLM Authorized Officer because indurated bedrock, such as sandstone, is at or within 2 feet of the surface and the soil has a poor history for successful rehabilitation.

All facilities will be painted within six months of installation. Facilities required to comply with the Occupational Safety and Health Act (OSHA) will be excluded. The requested color is Shadow gray (2.5Y 6/2), a non-reflective earthtone.

Interim Surface Reclamation Plan:

This exception is requested due to the current twin and multi-well program. If determined that this well will not be a candidate for either twinning &/or multi-well the operator shall spread the topsoil pile on the location up to the rig anchor points. The location will be reshaped to the original contour to the extent possible. The operator will reseed the area using the BLM recommended seed mixture and reclamation methods.

5. Location and Type of Water Supply:

Please see the Natural Buttes SOP.

6. Source of Construction Materials:

Please see the Natural Buttes SOP.

7. <u>Methods of Handling Waste Materials</u>:

Please see the Natural Buttes SOP.

A plastic reinforced liner is to be used as discussed during on-site inspection. It will be a minimum of 20 mil thick and felt, with sufficient bedding used to cover any rocks. The liner will overlap the pit walls and be covered with dirt and/or rocks to hold it in place. No trash or scrap that could puncture the liner will be disposed of in the pit.

Any produced water from the proposed well will be contained in a water tank and will then be hauled by truck to one of the pre-approved disposal sites: RNI, Sec. 5, T9S, R22E, NBU #159, Sec. 35, T9S R21E, Ace Oilfield, Sec. 2, T6S, R20E, MC&MC, Sec. 12, T6S, R19E, Pipeline Facility Sec. 36, T9S, R20E, Goat Pasture Evaporation Pond SW/4 Sec. 16, T10S, R22E, Bonanza Evaporation Pond Sec. 2, T10S, R23E (Request is in lieu of filing Form 3160-5, after initial production).

8. Ancillary Facilities:

Please see the Natural Buttes SOP.

9. Well Site Layout: (See Location Layout Diagram)

The attached Location Layout Diagram describes drill pad cross-sections, cuts and fills, and locations of the mud tanks, reserve pit, flare pit, pipe racks, trailer parking, spoil dirt stockpile(s), and surface material stockpile(s).

Please see the attached diagram to describe rig orientation, parking areas, and access roads.

Location size may change prior to the drilling of the well due to the current rig availability. If the proposed location is not large enough to accommodate the drilling rig. The location will be resurveyed and a form 3160-5 will be submitted.

10. Plans for Reclamation of the Surface:

Please see the Natural Buttes SOP.

Operator shall call the BIA for the seed mixture when the final reclamation occurs.

11. Surface/Mineral Ownership:

The well pad and access road are located on lands owned by:

Ute Indian Tribe P.O. Box 70 Fort Duchesne, Utah 84026 (435) 722-5141

The mineral ownership is listed below:

SITLA 675 East 500 South, Suite 500 Salt Lake City, UT 84102

12. <u>Stipulations/Notices/Mitigation:</u>

There are no stipulations or notices for this location.

13. Other Information:

A Class III archaeological survey has been performed and will be submitted upon receipt. Paleo report is attached.

14. Lessee's or Operator's Representative & Certification:

Raleen White Sr. Regulatory Analyst Kerr-McGee Oil & Gas Onshore LP P.O. Box 173779 Denver, CO 80217-3779 (720) 929-6666 Tommy Thompson Drilling Manager Kerr-McGee Oil & Gas Onshore LP P.O. Box 173779 Denver, CO 80217-3779 (720) 929-6724

Certification: All lease and/or unit operations will be conducted in such a manner that full compliance is made with all applicable laws, regulations, Onshore Oil and Gas Orders, the approved Plan of Operations, and any applicable Notice to Lessees.

Kerr-McGee Oil & Gas Onshore LP is considered to be the operator of the subject well. Kerr-McGee Oil & Gas Onshore LP agrees to be responsible under the terms and conditions of the lease for the operations conducted upon leased lands.

The Operator will be fully responsible for the actions of its subcontractors. A complete copy of the approved "Application for Permit to Drill" will be furnished to the field representative(s) to ensure compliance and shall be on location during all construction and drilling operations.

Bond coverage pursuant to 43 CFR 3104 for lease activities is being provided by State Surety Bond #22013542.

I hereby certify that I, or persons under my supervision, have inspected the proposed drill site and access route, that I am familiar with the conditions that currently exist; that I have full knowledge of the State and Federal laws applicable to this operation; that the statements made in this plan are, to the best of my knowledge, true and correct; and the work associated with the operations proposed herein will be performed in conformity with this APD package and the terms and conditions under which it is approved. I also certify that I, or the company I represent, am responsible for operations conducted under this application. These statements are subject to the provisions of 18 U.S.C. 1001 for the filing of false statements.

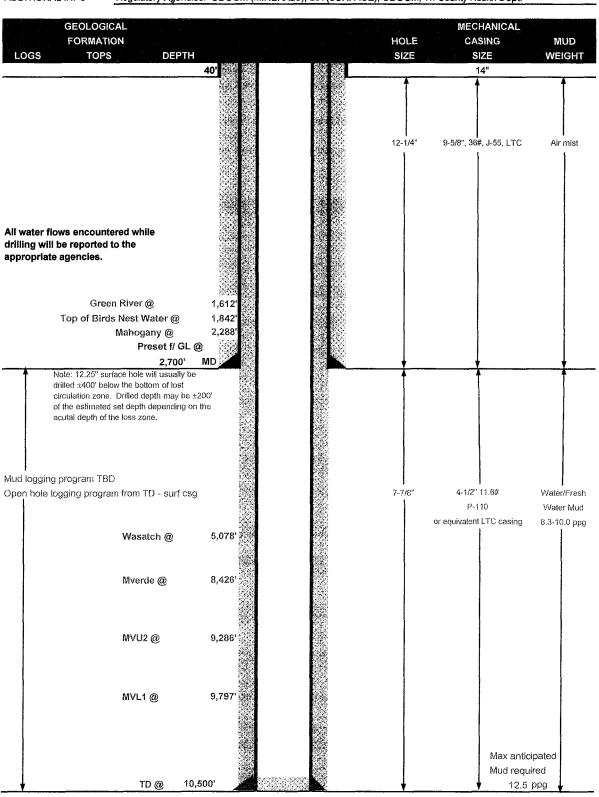
Raleen White 2/2/200

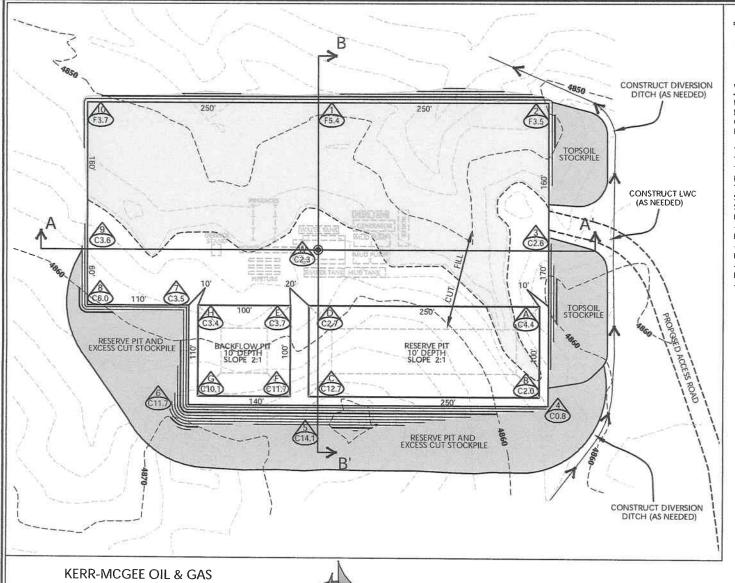
Raleen White Date



KERR-McGEE OIL & GAS ONSHORE LP DRILLING PROGRAM

COMPANY NAME	KERR	-McGEE OIL	& GAS ON	SHORE LP		DATE		February	5, 2009		
WELL NAME	NBU	920-32K				TD		10,500'	MD/TVD		
FIELD Natural	Buttes		COUNTY	Uintah	STATE	Utah	_ELE	VATION	4,854' GL	. KE	3 4,869'
SURFACE LOCATI	ON	NE/4 SW/4	2,095' FSL	1,813' FWL	Sec	32 T 95	R	20E		BHL	Straight Hole
		Latitude:	39.989450	Longitud	le: -10	9.692760			NAD 27	_	
OBJECTIVE ZONE	(S)	Wasatch/Me	saverde							- 	
ADDITIONAL INFO		Regulatory A	Agencies: U	DOGM (MINE	RALS), E	BIA (SURFA	NCE),	UDOGM,	Tri-County Hea	ith Dept.	





WELL PAD LEGEND

WELL LOCATION EXISTING CONTOURS (2' INTERVAL) PROPOSED CONTOURS (2' INTERVAL)

WELL PAD NBU 920-32K QUANTITIES

EXISTING GRADE @ LOC. STAKE = 4,856.6' FINISHED GRADE ELEVATION = 4,854.3' CUT SLOPES = 1,5:1 FILL SLOPES = 1.5:1

TOTAL CUT FOR WELL PAD = 14,106 C.Y. TOTAL FILL FOR WELL PAD = 13,797 C.Y. TOPSOIL @ 6" DEPTH = 3,149 C.Y. EXCESS MATERIAL = 309 C.Y. TOTAL DISTURBANCE = 3.90 ACRES SHRINKAGE FACTOR = 1.10 SWELL FACTOR = 1.00 RESERVE PIT CAPACITY (2' OF FREEBOARD) +/- 25,880 BARRELS RESERVE PIT VOLUME +/- 7,185 CY BACKFLOW PIT CAPACITY (2' OF FREEBOARD) +/- 8,780 BARRELS BACKFLOW PIT VOLUME +/- 2,520 CY

HORIZONTAL 0 50

2' CONTOURS

Timberline Engineering & Land Surveying, Inc. 38 WEST 100 NORTH

(435) 789-1365 VERNAL, UTAH 84078

ONSHORE L.P.

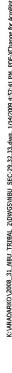
1099 18th Street - Denver, Colorado 80202

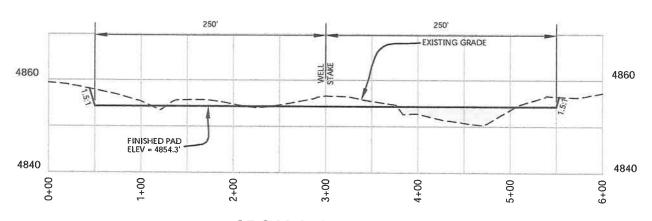
NBU 920-32K **WELL PAD - LOCATION LAYOUT** 2095' FSL, 1813' FWL NE1/4SW1/4, SECTION 32, T.9S., R.20E. S.L.B.&M., UINTAH COUNTY, UTAH



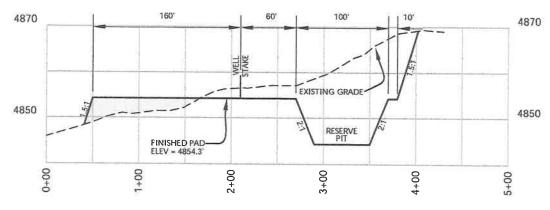
CONSULTING, LLC 371 Coffeen Avenue Sheridan WY 82801 Phone 307-674-0609 Fax 307-674-0182

Scale:	1"=100'	Date:	1/13/09	SHEET NO:	
REVISED):		BY DATE	2	2 OF 9





CROSS SECTION A-A'



CROSS SECTION B-B'

NOTE: CROSS SECTION B-B' DEPICTS MAXIMUM RESERVE PIT DEPTH.

KERR-MCGEE OIL & GAS ONSHORE L.P.

1099 18th Street - Denver, Colorado 80202

NBU 920-32K
WELL PAD - CROSS SECTIONS
2095'FSL, 1813' FWL
NE1/4SW1/4, SECTION 32, T.9S., R.20E.
S.L.B.&M., UINTAH COUNTY, UTAH



CONSULTING, LLC
371 Coffeen Avenue
Sheridan WY 82801
Phone 307-674-0609
Fax 307-674-0182

Scale:	1"=100'	Date:	1/13/09	SHEET NO:	
REVISED			BY DATE	3	3 OF 9

HORIZONTAL	0	50	100	1" = 1	100'
VERTICAL	0	10	20	1" = 2	20'

Timberline (435) 789-1365 Engineering & Land Surveying, Inc. 38 WEST 100 NORTH VERNAL, UTAH 84078

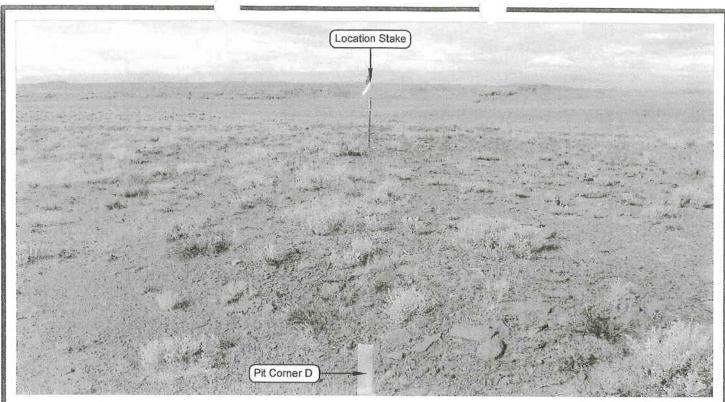


PHOTO VIEW: FROM PIT CORNER D TO LOCATION STAKE

CAMERA ANGLE: NORTHWESTERLY

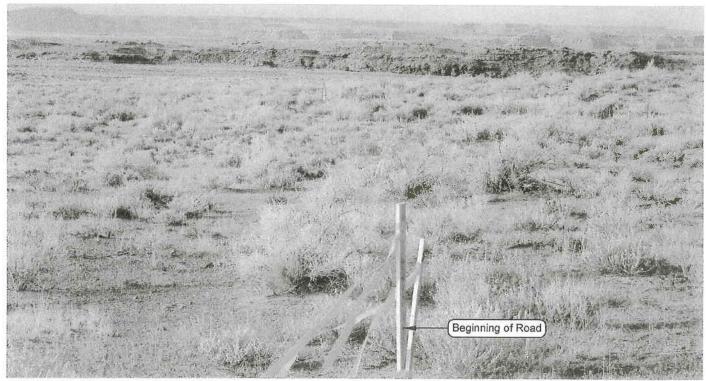


PHOTO VIEW: FROM BEGINNING OF PROPOSED ROAD

CAMERA ANGLE: NORTHWESTERLY

Kerr-McGee Oil & Gas Onshore, LP

1099 18th Street - Denver, Colorado 80202

NBU 920-32K 2095' FSL, 1813' FWL NE \(\frac{1}{4}\) SW \(\frac{1}{4}\) OF SECTION 32, T9S, R20E, S.L.B.&M. UINTAH COUNTY, UTAH.



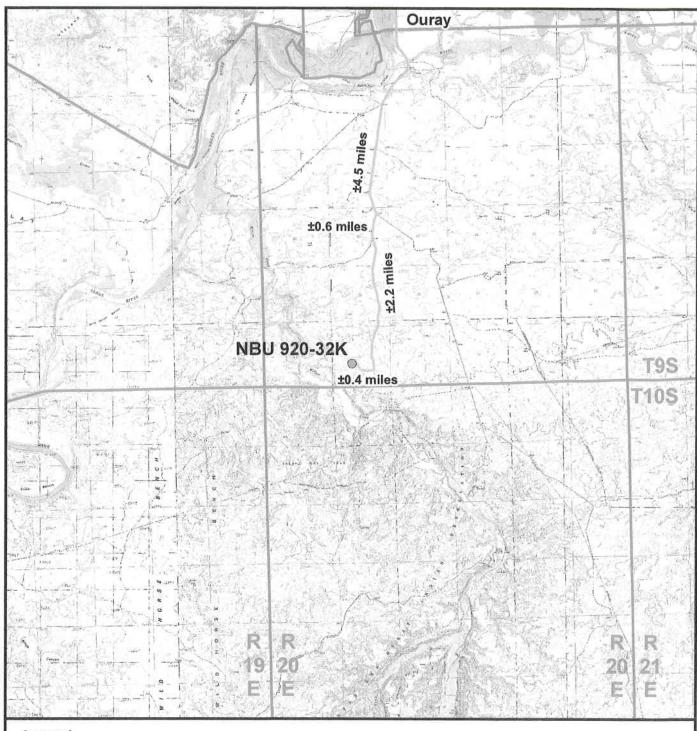
CONSULTING, LLC 371 Coffeen Avenue Sheridan WY 82801 Phone 307-674-0609 Fax 307-674-0182

LOCATION	PHOTOS	DATE TAKEN: 11-12-08	
LOCATION	1110100	DATE DRAWN: 11-13-08	
FAKEN BY: M.S.B.	DRAWN BY: E.M.S.	REVISED:	

Timberline

(435) 789-1365 Engineering & Land Surveying, Inc. 38 WEST 100 NORTH VERNAL, UTAH 84078

SHEET 4 OF9



Legend

Proposed NBU 920-32K Well Location

Access Route - Proposed

Kerr-McGee Oil & Gas Onshore, LP 1099 18th Street, Denver, Colorado 80202

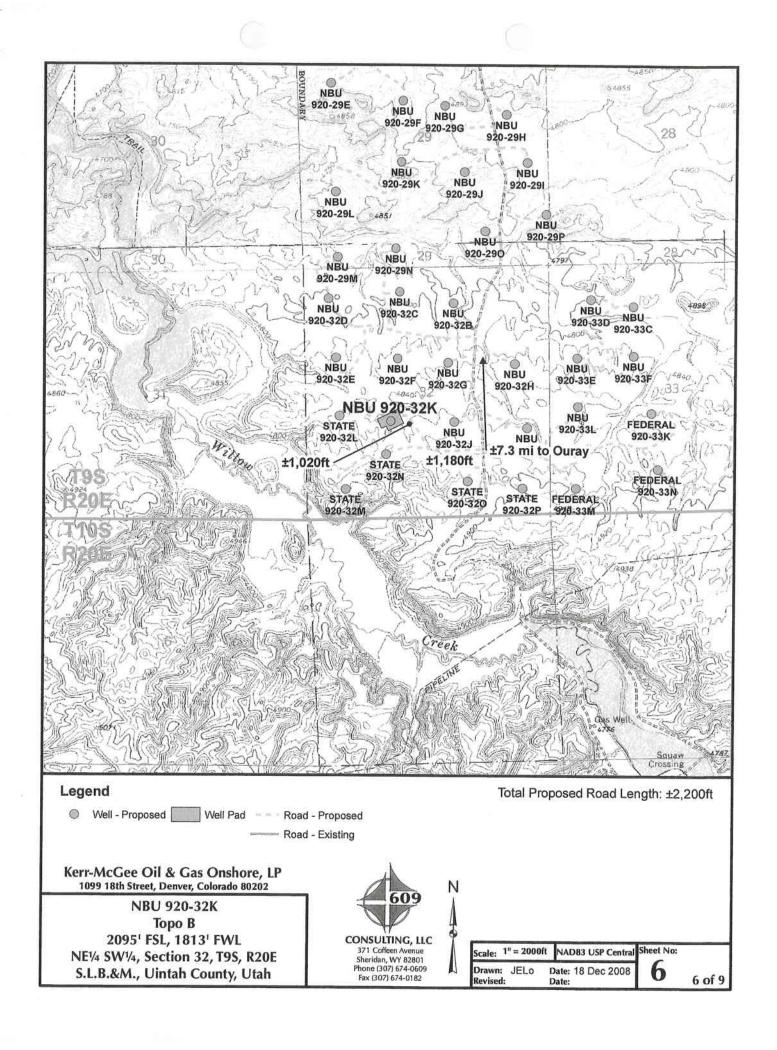
NBU 920-32K Topo A 2095' FSL, 1813' FWL NE¼ SW¼, Section 32, T9S, R20E S.L.B.&M., Uintah County, Utah

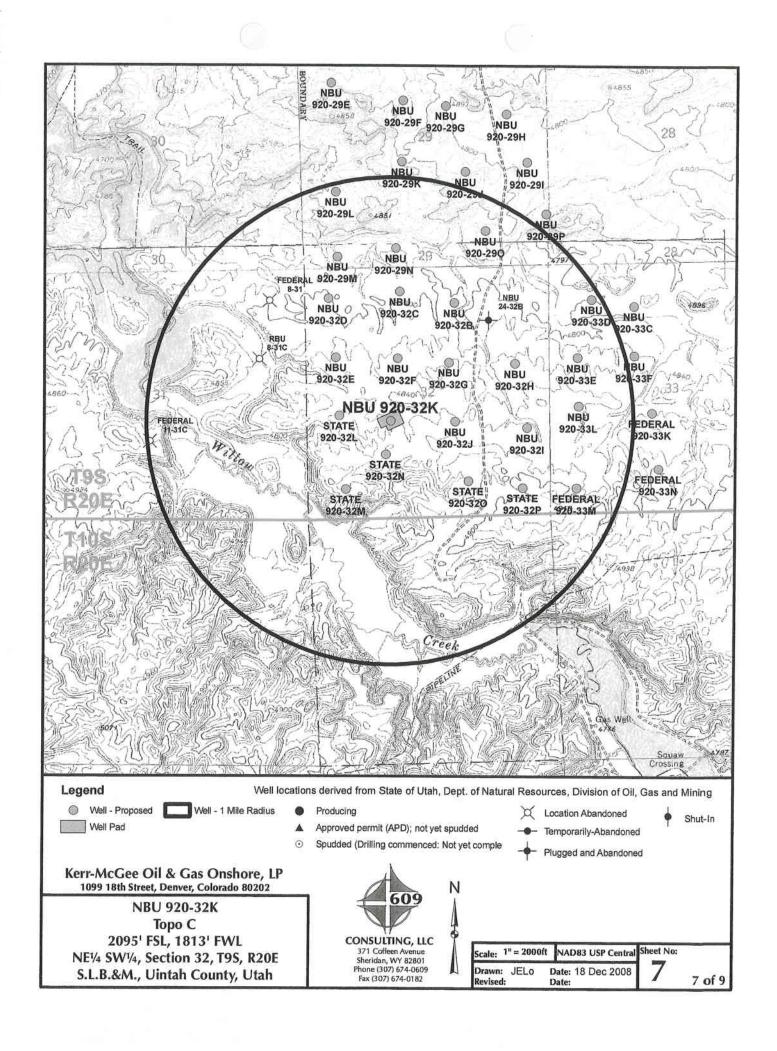


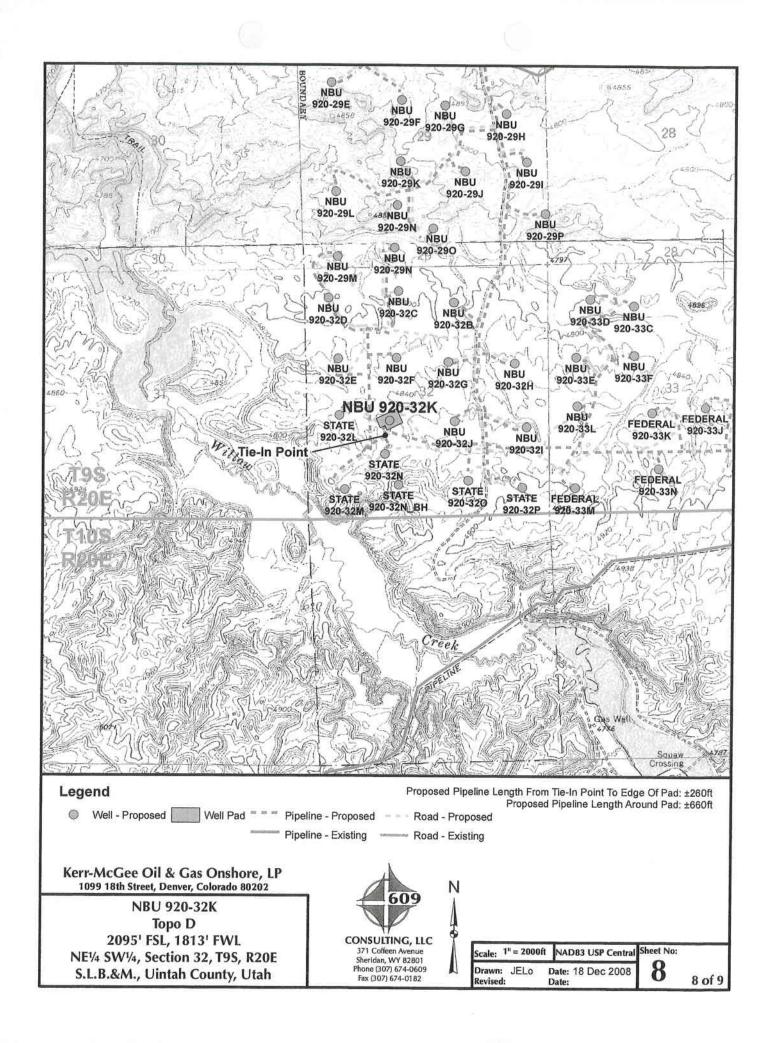
CONSULTING, LLC 371 Coffeen Avenue Sheridan, WY 82801 Phone (307) 674-0609 Fax (307) 674-0182

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Maria Company	: JELo	Date: 18 Dec 2008	pros.

5 of 9







Kerr-McGee Oil & Gas Onshore, LP NBU 920-32K Section 32, T9S, R20E, S.L.B.&M.

PROCEED IN A WESTERLY DIRECTION FROM VERNAL, UTAH ALONG U.S. HIGHWAY 40 APPROXIMATELY 13.9 MILES TO THE JUNCTION OF STATE HIGHWAY 88. EXIT LEFT AND PROCEED IN A SOUTHERLY DIRECTION ALONG STATE HIGHWAY 88 APPROXIMATELY 16.8 MILES TO OURAY, UTAH. FROM OURAY, PROCEED IN A SOUTHERLY DIRECTION ALONG THE SEEP RIDGE ROAD (COUNTY B ROAD 2810) APPROXIMATELY 4.5 MILES TO THE INTERSECTION OF THE WILD HORSE BENCH ROAD (A CLASS D COUNTY ROAD). EXIT RIGHT AND PROCEED IN A SOUTHERLY DIRECTION ALONG THE WILD HORSE BENCH ROAD APPROXIMATELY 0.6 MILES TO THE INTERSECTION OF THE WILLOW CREEK ROAD (A CLASS D COUNTY ROAD). EXIT LEFT AND PROCEED IN A SOUTHERLY DIRECTION ALONG THE WILLOW CREEK ROAD APPROXIMATELY 2.2 MILES TO THE PROPOSED ACCESS ROAD. FOLLOW ROAD FLAGS IN A WESTERLY, THEN NORTHWESTERLY DIRECTION APPROXIMATELY 2,200 FEET TO THE PROPOSED LOCATION.

TOTAL DISTANCE FROM VERNAL, UTAH TO THE PROPOSED WELL LOCATION IS APPROXIMATELY 38.4 MILES IN A SOUTHERLY DIRECTION.

Paleontological Reconnaissance Survey Report

Survey of Kerr McGee's Proposed Gathering Pipeline, Well Pads, Access Roads, and Pipelines for "NBU #920-29M & N", "NBU #920-32C, E, F, & K", & "State #920-32L, M, N, & O" (Sec. 29 & 32, T 9 S, R 20 E)

Big Pack Mtn NW Topographic Quadrangle Uintah County, Utah

December 18, 2008

Prepared by Stephen D. Sandau Paleontologist for Intermountain Paleo-Consulting P. O. Box 1125 Vernal, Utah 84078

INTRODUCTION

At the request of Raleen White of Kerr McGee Onshore LP and authorized by Bruce Pargeets of the Ute Indian Tribe and by Larry Love, Director of the Ute Indian Tribe's Energy and Minerals Department, a paleontological reconnaissance survey of Kerr McGee's proposed gathering pipeline, well pads, access roads, and pipelines for "NBU #920-29M & N", "NBU #920-32C, E, F, & K", & "State #920-32L, M, N, & O" (Sec. 29 & 32, T 9 S, R 20 E) was conducted by Daniel Burk on December 9, 2008. The survey was conducted under the Ute Indian Tribe Business License FY 2009, #A09-1308 and the accompanying Access Permit (effective 10/15/2008 through 3/31/2009). This survey to locate, identify and evaluate paleontological resources was done to meet requirements of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 and other State and Federal laws and regulations that protect paleontological resources.

FEDERAL AND STATE REQUIREMENTS

As mandated by the Federal and State government, paleontologically sensitive geologic formations on State lands that are considered for exchange or may be impacted due to ground disturbance require paleontological evaluation. This requirement complies with:

- 1) The National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (NEPA) (42 U.S.C. 4321.et. Seq., P.L. 91-190);
- 2) The Federal Land Policy and Management Act (FLPMA) of 1976 (90 Stat. 2743, 43 U.S.C. § 1701-1785, et. Seq., P.L. 94-579) and
- 3) The National Historic Preservation Act.16 U.S.C. § 470-1, P.L. 102-575 in conjunction with 42 U.S.C. § 5320

The new Potential Fossil Yield Classification (PFYC) System (October, 2007) replaces the Condition Classification System from Handbook H-8270-1. Geologic units are classified based on the relative abundance of vertebrate fossils or scientifically significant invertebrate or plant fossils and their sensitivity to adverse impacts, with a higher class number indicating a higher potential.

- Class 1 Very Low. Geologic units (igneous, metamorphic, or Precambrian) not likely to contain recognizable fossil remains.
- Class 2 Low. Sedimentary geologic units not likely to contain vertebrate fossils or scientifically significant non-vertebrate fossils. (Including modern eolian, fluvial and colluvial deposits etc...)
- Class 3 Moderate or Unknown. Fossiliferous sedimentary geologic units where fossil content varies in significance, abundance, and predictable occurrence; or sedimentary units of unknown fossil potential.
 - Class 3a Moderate Potential. The potential for a project to be sited on or impact a significant fossil locality is low, but is somewhat higher for common fossils.
 - Class 3b Unknown Potential. Units exhibit geologic features and preservational conditions that suggest significant fossils could be present, but

little information about the paleontological resources of the unit or the area is known.

- Class 4 High. Geologic units containing a high occurrence of vertebrate fossils or scientifically significant invertebrate or plant fossils, but may vary in abundance and predictability.
 - Class 4a Outcrop areas with high potential are extensive (greater than two
 acres) and paleontological resources may be susceptible to adverse impacts from
 surface disturbing actions.
 - Class 4b Areas underlain by geologic units with high potential but have lowered risks of disturbance due to moderating circumstances such as a protective layer of soil or alluvial material; or outcrop areas are smaller than two contiguous acres.
- Class 5 Very High. Highly fossiliferous geologic units that consistently and
 predictably produce vertebrate fossils or scientifically significant invertebrate or plant
 fossils.
 - o Class 5a Outcrop areas with very high potential are extensive (greater than two acres) and paleontological resources may be susceptible to adverse impacts from surface disturbing actions.
 - O Class 5b Areas underlain by geologic units with very high potential but have lowered risks of disturbance due to moderating circumstances such as a protective layer of soil or alluvial material; or outcrop areas are smaller than two contiguous acres.

It should be noted that many fossils, though common and unimpressive in and of themselves, can be important paleo-environmental, depositional, and chronostratigraphic indicators.

LOCATION

Kerr McGee's proposed gathering pipeline, well pads, access roads, and pipelines for "NBU #920-29M & N", "NBU #920-32C, E, F, & K", & "State #920-32L, M, N, & O" (Sec. 29 & 32, T 9 S, R 20 E) are located on Ute Indian Reservation land less then a mile east of Willow Creek, approximately 5-6 miles south of the Green River, and some 7-8 miles south of Ouray, Utah. The project area can be found on the Big Pack Mtn NW 7.5 minute U. S. Geological Survey Quadrangle Map, Uintah County, Utah.

PREVIOUS WORK

The basins of western North America have long produced some of the richest fossil collections in the world. Early Cenozoic sediments are especially well represented throughout the western interior. Paleontologists started field work in Utah's Uinta Basin as early as 1870 (Betts, 1871; Marsh, 1871, 1875a, 1875b). The Uinta Basin is located in the northeastern corner of Utah and covers approximately 31,000 sq. km (12,000 sq. miles) ranging in elevation from 1,465 to 2,130 m (4,800 to 7,000 ft) (Marsell, 1964; Hamblin et al., 1987). Middle to late Eocene time marked a period of dramatic change in the climate, flora, (Stucky, 1992) and fauna (Black and Dawson, 1966) of North America.

GEOLOGICAL AND PALEONTOLOGICAL OVERVIEW

Early in the geologic history of Utah, some 1,000 to 600 Ma, an east-west trending basin developed creating accommodation for 25,000 feet of siliclastics. Uplift of that filled-basin during the early Cenozoic formed the Uinta Mountains (Rasmussen et al., 1999). With the rise of the Uinta Mountains the asymmetrical synclinal Uinta Basin is thought to have formed through the effects of down warping in connection with the uplift. Throughout the Paleozoic and Mesozoic deposition fluctuated between marine and non-marine environments laying down a thick succession of sediments in the area now occupied by the Uinta Basin. Portions of these beds crop out on the margins of the basin due to tectonic events during the late Mesozoic.

Early Tertiary Uinta Basin sediments were deposited in alternating lacustrine and fluvial environments. Large shallow lakes periodically covered most of the basin and surrounding areas during early to mid Eocene time (Abbott, 1957). These lacustrine sediments show up in the western part of the basin, dipping 2-3 degrees to the northeast and are lost in the subsurface on the east side. The increase of cross-bedded, coarse-grained sandstone and conglomerates preserved in paleo-channels indicates a transition to a fluvial environment toward the end of the epoch.

Four Eocene formations are recognized in the Uinta Basin: the Wasatch, Green River, Uinta and Duchesne River, respectively (Wood, 1941). The Uinta Formation is subdivided into two lithostratigraphic units namely: the Wagonhound Member (Wood, 1934), formerly known as Uinta A and B (Osborn, 1895, 1929) and the Myton Member previously regarded as the Uinta C.

Within the Uinta Basin in northeast Utah, the Uinta Formation in the western part of the basin is composed primarily of lacustrine sediments inter-fingering with over-bank deposits of silt, and mudstone and westward flowing channel sands and fluvial clays, muds, and sands in the east (Bryant et al, 1990; Ryder et al, 1976). Stratigraphic work done by early geologists and paleontologists within the Uinta Formation focused on the definition of rock units and attempted to define a distinction between early and late Uintan faunas (Riggs, 1912; Peterson and Kay, 1931; Kay 1934). More recent work focused on magnetostratigraphy, radioscopic chronology, and continental biostratigraphy (Flynn, 1986; Prothero, 1996). Well-known for its fossiliferous nature and distinctive mammalian fauna of mid-Eocene Age, the Uinta Formation is the type formation for the Uintan Land Mammal Age (Wood et al, 1941).

The Duchesne River Formation of the Uinta Basin in northeastern Utah is composed of a succession of fluvial and flood plain deposits composed of mud, silt, and sandstone. The source area for these late Eocene deposits is from the Uinta Mountains indicated by paleocurrent data (Anderson and Picard, 1972). In Peterson's (1931c) paper, the name "Duchesne Formation" was applied to the formation and it was later changed to the "Duchesne River Formation" by Kay (1934). The formation is divided up into four members: the Brennan Basin, Dry Gulch Creek, LaPoint, and Starr Flat (Anderson and Picard, 1972). Debates concerning the Duchesne River Formation, as to whether its age was late Eocene or early Oligocene, have surfaced throughout the literature of the last century (Wood et al., 1941; Scott 1945). Recent paleomagnetostratigraphic work (Prothero, 1996) shows that the Duchesne River Formation is late Eocene in time.

FIELD METHODS

In order to determine if the proposed project area contained any paleontological resources, a reconnaissance survey was performed. An on-site observation of the proposed areas undergoing surficial disturbance is necessary because judgments made from topographic maps alone are often unreliable. Areas of low relief have potential to be erosional surfaces with the possibility of bearing fossil materials rather than surfaces covered by unconsolidated sediment or soils.

When found within the proposed construction areas, outcrops and erosional surfaces were checked to determine if fossils were present and to assess needs. Careful effort is made during surveys to identify and evaluate significant fossil materials or fossil horizons when they are found. Microvertebrates, although rare, are occasionally found in anthills or upon erosional surfaces and are of particular importance.

PROJECT AREA

The project area is situated in the Wagonhound Member (Uinta A & B) of the Uinta Formation. The following list provides a description of the individual wells and their associated pipelines and access roads.

NBU #920-29M

The proposed access road and pipeline begin in the NW/NW quarter-quarter section of Sec. 32, T 9 S, R 20 E at the north edge of the proposed well pad "NBU #920-32D" and travel approximately 800 feet north and east where they enter the well pad in the SW/SW quarter-quarter section of Sec. 29 (Figure 1). The proposed well pad, access road, and pipeline are located on rolling hills covered in desert pavement. The pebbles and cobbles of the pavement are derived from the occasional outcrop of tan or maroon sandstone beds. The tan sandstone beds are medium to coarse-grained and up to 4 m thick. The maroon sandstone beds are fine to medium-grained and up to 3 m thick. No fossils were found.

NBU #920-29N

The proposed access road and pipeline begin in the NE/NW quarter-quarter section of Sec. 32, T 9 S, R 20 E near the well pad "NBU #920-32C" and travel north for approximately 1000 feet where they enter the well pad in the SE/SW quarter-quarter section of Sec. 29 (Figure 1). The proposed well pad, access road, and pipeline are located on rolling hills covered in desert pavement. The pebbles and cobbles of the pavement are derived from the occasional outcrop of tan or maroon sandstone beds. The tan sandstone beds are medium to coarse-grained, up to 4 m thick, and stratigraphically above the maroon sandstone beds. The maroon sandstone beds are fine to medium-grained and up to 3 m thick. No fossils were found.

NBU #920-32C

The proposed pipeline begins at the end of the gathering pipeline in the center of the NW quarter section of Sec. 32, T 9 S, R 20 E and travels east for approximately 500 feet where it turns north and parallels the access road (Figure 1). The pipeline and access road travel north for approximately 700 feet where they enter the well pad in the NE/NW quarter-quarter section of Sec. 32. The proposed well pad, access road, and pipeline are located on rolling hills covered in desert pavement. The pebbles and cobbles of the pavement are derived from the occasional outcrop of tan and maroon sandstone beds. The tan sandstone beds are medium to coarsegrained and up to 4 m thick. The maroon sandstone beds are fine to medium-grained and up to 3 m thick. Variegated mudstone beds (up to 2 m thick) also outcrop beneath the tan and maroon sandstone beds. No fossils were found.

NBU #920-32E

The proposed access road, pipeline, and well pad are located in the SW/NW quarter-quarter section of Sec. 32, T 9 S, R 20 E (Figure 1). The proposed access road begins along the access road for "NBU #920-32D" and travels south and west to where it enters the well pad. The proposed pipeline begins at the gathering pipeline and travels west for approximately 600 feet where it enters the well pad. The proposed well pad, access road, and pipeline are located on rolling hills covered in desert pavement. The pebbles and cobbles of the pavement are derived from the occasional outcrop of maroon sandstone. The maroon sandstone beds are fine to medium-grained and up to 3 m thick. Scattered isolated turtle shell and bone fragments were found on the pad and along the access road.

NBU #920-32F

The proposed access road, pipeline, and well pad are located in the SE/NW quarter-quarter section of Sec. 32, T 9 S, R 20 E (Figure 1). The proposed access road begins along the access road for "NBU #920-32D" and travels southwest for approximately 500 feet where it enters the well pad. The proposed pipeline begins at the gathering pipeline and travels east approximately 500 feet where it enters the well pad. The proposed pipeline, access road, and well pad are located on rolling hills covered in desert pavement. The pebbles and cobbles of the pavement are derived from fine to medium-grained maroon sandstone beds (2-3 m thick) which outcrop in the area. Trace fossil burrows were observed near the pipeline tie-in, just west of the pad.

NBU #920-32K

The proposed access road, pipeline, and well pad are located in the NE/SW quarter-quarter section of Sec. 32, T 9 S, R 20 E (Figure 1). The proposed access road begins off the proposed access road for "State #920- 32N" and travels northwest approximately 800 feet where it enters the well pad. The proposed pipeline begins at the gathering pipeline and travels northwest for approximately 300 feet where it enters the well pad. The proposed well pad, access road, and pipeline are located on rolling hills covered in desert pavement. The pebbles and cobbles of the pavement are derived from the occasional outcrop of tan or maroon sandstone beds. The tan sandstone beds are medium to coarse-grained, up to 4 m thick, and stratigraphically above the maroon sandstone beds. The maroon sandstone beds are fine to medium-grained and up to 3 m thick. No fossils were found.

State #920-32L

The proposed access road begins at the northwest corner of the well pad "NBU #920-32K" in the NE/SW quarter-quarter of Sec. 32, T 9 S, R 20 S and travels northwest approximately 600 feet where it enters the well pad in the NW/SW quarter-quarter section of Sec. 32 (Figure 1). The proposed pipeline begins along the access road where it intersects the gathering pipeline and parallels the access road to the well pad. The proposed well pad, access road and pipeline are located on rolling hills covered in desert pavement. The pebbles and cobbles of the pavement are derived from the occasional outcrop of tan or maroon sandstone beds. The tan sandstone beds are medium to coarse-grained, up to 4 m thick, and stratigraphically above the maroon sandstone beds. The maroon sandstone beds are fine to medium-grained and up to 3 m thick. No fossils were found.

State #920-32M

The proposed access road begins at the western edge of the well pad "NBU #920-32N" in the NE/SW quarter-quarter section of Sec. 32, T 9 S, R 20 E and travels southwest approximately 1000 feet where it enters the well pad in the SW/SW quarter-quarter section of Sec. 32 (Figure 1). The proposed pipeline begins at the gathering pipeline in the center of the SW quarter section Sec. 32 and travels southwest where it parallels the access road until it enters the well pad. The proposed well pad, access road, and pipeline are located on rolling hills covered in desert pavement. The pebbles and cobbles of the pavement are derived from the occasional outcrop of tan and maroon sandstone beds. The tan sandstone beds are medium to coarse-grained and up to 4 m thick. The maroon sandstone beds are fine to medium-grained and up to 3 m thick. Variegated mudstone beds (up to 2 m thick) also outcrop beneath the tan and maroon sandstone beds. No fossils were found.

State #920-32N

The proposed access road begins at an existing two-track in the SW/SE quarter-quarter section of Sec. 32, T 9 S, R 20 E and travels west approximately 2000 feet where it enters the well pad in the SE/SW quarter-quarter section of Sec. 32 (Figure 1). The proposed pipeline begins at the gathering pipeline in the SE/SW quarter-quarter section of Sec. 32 and travels southeast for approximately 100 feet where it enters the well pad. The proposed well pad, access road, and pipeline are located on rolling hills covered in desert pavement.

The pebbles and cobbles of the pavement are derived from the occasional outcrop of tan or maroon sandstone beds. The tan sandstone beds are medium to coarse-grained, up to 4 m thick, and stratigraphically above the maroon sandstone beds. The maroon sandstone beds are fine to medium-grained and up to 3 m thick. No fossils were found.

State #920-320

The proposed access road, pipeline, and well pad are located in the SW/SE quarter-quarter section of Sec. 32, T 9 S, R 20 E (Figure 1). The proposed access road begins off an existing road and travels west approximately 100 feet where it enters the well pad. The proposed pipeline begins at the gathering pipeline and travels south approximately 300 feet where it enters the well pad. The proposed well pad, access road, and pipeline are located on rolling hills covered in desert pavement. The pebbles and cobbles of the pavement are derived from the occasional outcrop of maroon sandstone beds. The maroon sandstone beds are fine to medium-grained and up to 3 m thick. No fossils were found.

Gathering Pipeline

The proposed gathering pipeline begins in the center of the NW quarter section of Sec. 32, T 9 S, R 20 E and travels south for approximately 0.5 miles, turns east and travels for approximately 0.5 miles, and turns north and travels for approximately 600 feet where it ends in the NW/SE quarter-quarter section of Sec. 32 (Figure 1). The proposed gathering pipeline is located on rolling hills covered in desert pavement. The pebbles and cobbles of the pavement are derived from the occasional outcrop of tan or maroon sandstone beds. The tan sandstone beds are medium to coarse-grained and up to 4 m thick. The maroon sandstone beds are fine to medium-grained and up to 3 m thick. Variegated mudstone beds (up to 2 m thick) also outcrop in the area. No fossils were found.

SURVEY RESULTS

PROJECT	GEOLOGY	PALEONTOLOGY
"NBU #920- 29M" (Sec. 29, T 9 S, R 20 E)	The proposed well pad, access road, and pipeline are located on rolling hills covered in desert pavement. The pebbles and cobbles of the pavement are derived from the occasional outcrop of tan or maroon sandstone beds. The tan sandstone beds are medium to coarse-grained and up to 4 m thick. The maroon sandstone beds are fine to medium-grained and up to 3 m thick.	No fossils were found. Class 3a
"NBU #920- 29N" (Sec. 29, T 9 S, R 20 E)	The proposed well pad, access road, and pipeline are located on rolling hills covered in desert pavement. The pebbles and cobbles of the pavement are derived from the occasional outcrop of tan or maroon sandstone beds. The tan sandstone beds are medium to coarse-grained, up to 4 m thick, and stratigraphically above the maroon sandstone beds. The maroon sandstone beds are fine to mediumgrained and up to 3 m thick.	No fossils were found. Class 3a

"NBU #920- 32C" (Sec. 32, T 9 S, R 20 E)	The proposed well pad, access road, and pipeline are located on rolling hills covered in desert pavement. The pebbles and cobbles of the pavement are derived from the occasional outcrop of tan and maroon sandstone beds. The tan sandstone beds are medium to coarse-grained and up to 4 m thick. The maroon sandstone beds are fine to medium-grained and up to 3 m thick. Variegated mudstone beds (up to 2 m thick) also outcrop beneath the tan and maroon sandstone beds.	No fossils were found. Class 3a
"NBU #920- 32E" (Sec. 32, T 9 S, R 20 E)	The proposed well pad, access road, and pipeline are located on rolling hills covered in desert pavement. The pebbles and cobbles of the pavement are derived from the occasional outcrop of maroon sandstone. The maroon sandstone beds are fine to mediumgrained and up to 3 m thick.	Scattered isolated turtle shell and bone fragments were found on the pad and along the access road. Class 3a
"NBU #920- 32F" (Sec. 32, T 9 S, R 20 E)	The proposed pipeline begins at the gathering pipeline and travels east approximately 500 feet where it enters the well pad. The proposed pipeline, access road, and well pad are located on rolling hills covered in desert pavement. The pebbles and cobbles of the pavement are derived from fine to medium-grained maroon sandstone beds (2-3 m thick) which outcrop in the area.	Trace fossil burrows were observed near the pipeline tie-in, just west of the pad. Class 3a
"NBU #920- 32K" (Sec. 32, T 9 S, R 20 E)	The proposed well pad, access road, and pipeline are located on rolling hills covered in desert pavement. The pebbles and cobbles of the pavement are derived from the occasional outcrop of tan or maroon sandstone beds. The tan sandstone beds are medium to coarse-grained, up to 4 m thick, and stratigraphically above the maroon sandstone beds. The maroon sandstone beds are fine to medium-grained and up to 3 m thick.	No fossils were found. Class 3a
"State #920- 32L" (Sec. 32, T 9 S, R 20 E)	The proposed well pad, access road and pipeline are located on rolling hills covered in desert pavement. The pebbles and cobbles of the pavement are derived from the occasional outcrop of tan or maroon sandstone beds. The tan sandstone beds are medium to coarse-grained, up to 4 m thick, and stratigraphically above the maroon sandstone beds. The maroon sandstone beds are fine to medium-grained and up to 3 m thick.	No fossils were found. Class 3a

"State #920- 32M" (Sec. 32, T 9 S, R 20 E)	The proposed well pad, access road, and pipeline are located on rolling hills covered in desert pavement. The pebbles and cobbles of the pavement are derived from the occasional outcrop of tan and maroon sandstone beds. The tan sandstone beds are medium to coarse-grained and up to 4 m thick. The maroon sandstone beds are fine to medium-grained and up to 3 m thick. Variegated mudstone beds (up to 2 m thick) also outcrop beneath the tan and maroon sandstone beds.	No fossils were found. Class 3a
"State #920- 32N" (Sec. 32, T 9 S, R 20 E)	The proposed well pad, access road, and pipeline are located on rolling hills covered in desert pavement. The pebbles and cobbles of the pavement are derived from the occasional outcrop of tan or maroon sandstone beds. The tan sandstone beds are medium to coarse-grained, up to 4 m thick, and stratigraphically above the maroon sandstone beds. The maroon sandstone beds are fine to mediumgrained and up to 3 m thick.	No fossils were found. Class 3a
"State #920- 320" (Sec. 32, T 9 S, R 20 E)	The proposed well pad, access road, and pipeline are located on rolling hills covered in desert pavement. The pebbles and cobbles of the pavement are derived from the occasional outcrop of maroon sandstone beds. The maroon sandstone beds are fine to medium-grained and up to 3 m thick.	No fossils were found. Class 3a
"Gathering Pipeline" (Sec. 32, T 9 S, R 20 E)	The proposed gathering pipeline is located on rolling hills covered in desert pavement. The pebbles and cobbles of the pavement are derived from the occasional outcrop of tan or maroon sandstone beds. The tan sandstone beds are medium to coarse-grained and up to 4 m thick. The maroon sandstone beds are fine to medium-grained and up to 3 m thick. Variegated mudstone beds (up to 2 m thick) also outcrop in the area.	No fossils were found. Class 3a

RECOMMENDATIONS

A reconnaissance survey was conducted for Kerr McGee's proposed gathering pipeline, well pads, access roads, and pipelines for "NBU #920-29M & N", "NBU #920-32C, F, E, & K", & "State #920-32L, N, M, & O" (Sec. 29 & 32, T 9 S, R 20 E). The well pads and the associated access roads and pipelines covered in this report showed little to no signs of vertebrate fossils. Therefore, we recommend that no paleontological restrictions should be placed on the development of the projects included in this report.

Buried pipeline will encounter Uinta formational sediments along most of the staked pipeline corridors yet indications from surface fossils predict that little if any vertebrate fossils will be disturbed.

Nevertheless, if any vertebrate fossil(s) are found during construction within the project area, recommendations are that a paleontologist is immediately notified in order to collect fossil materials in danger of being destroyed. Any vertebrate fossils found should be carefully moved outside of the construction areas to be check by a permitted paleontologist.

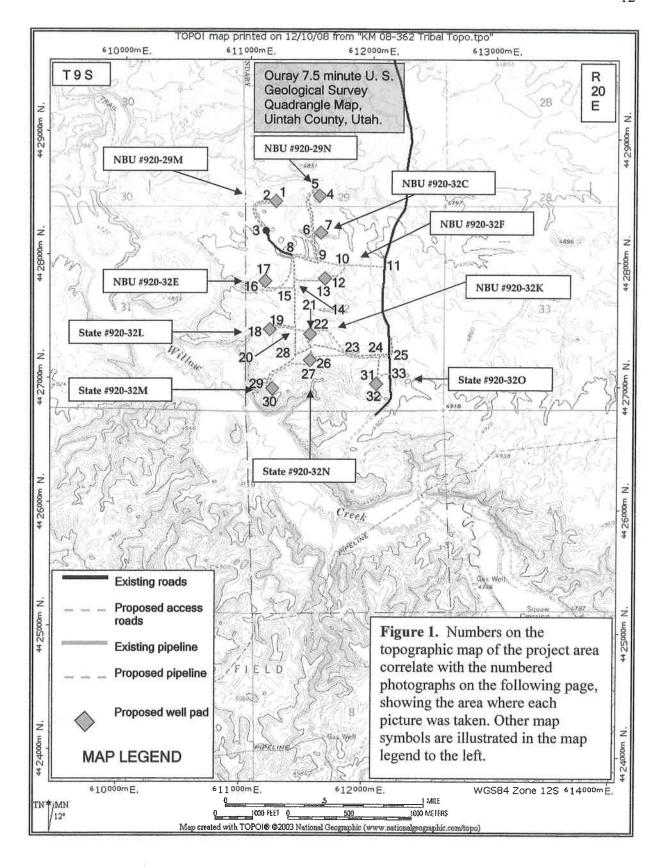


Figure 1. continued...

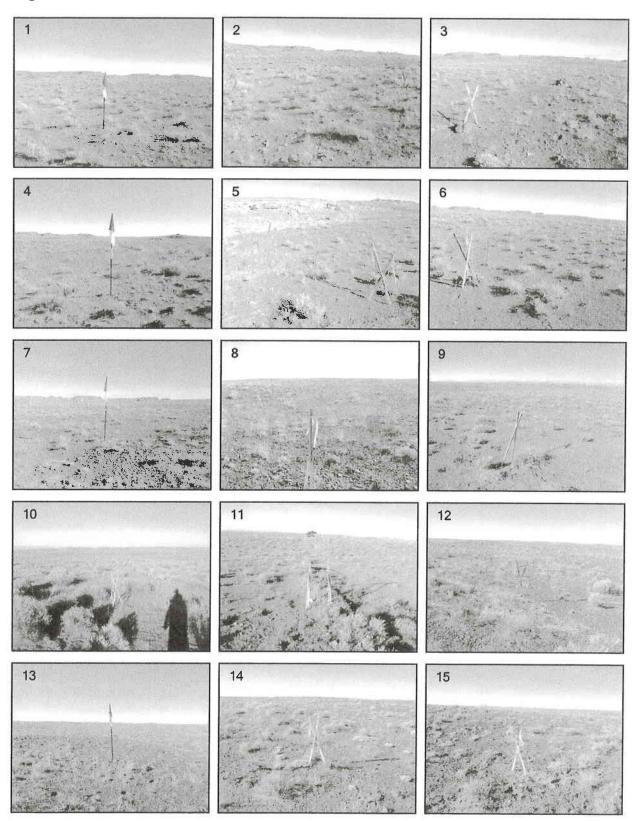


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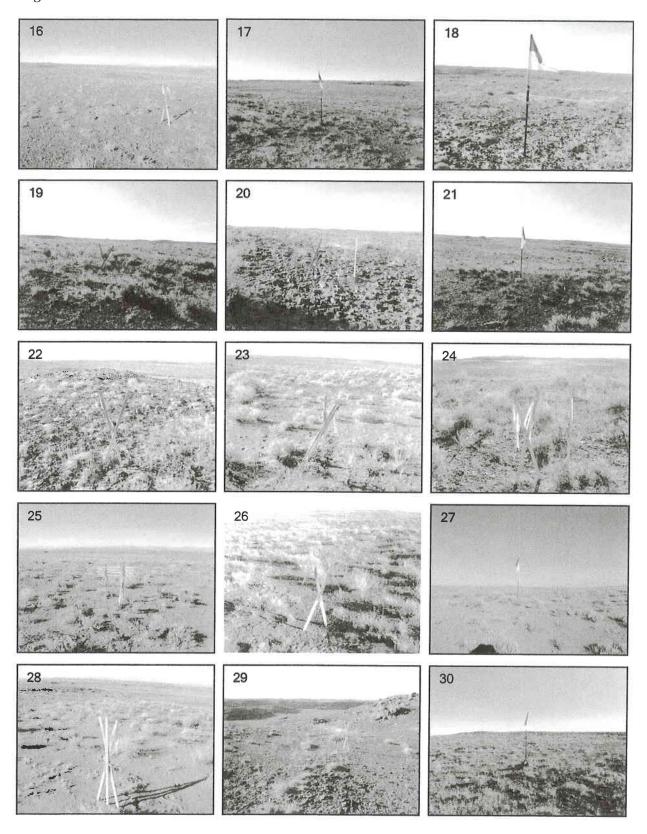
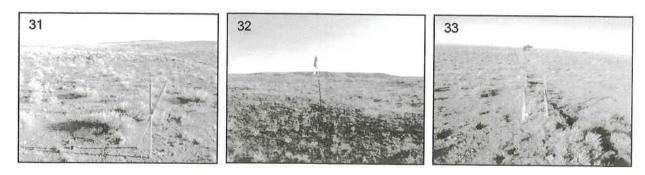


Figure 1. continued...



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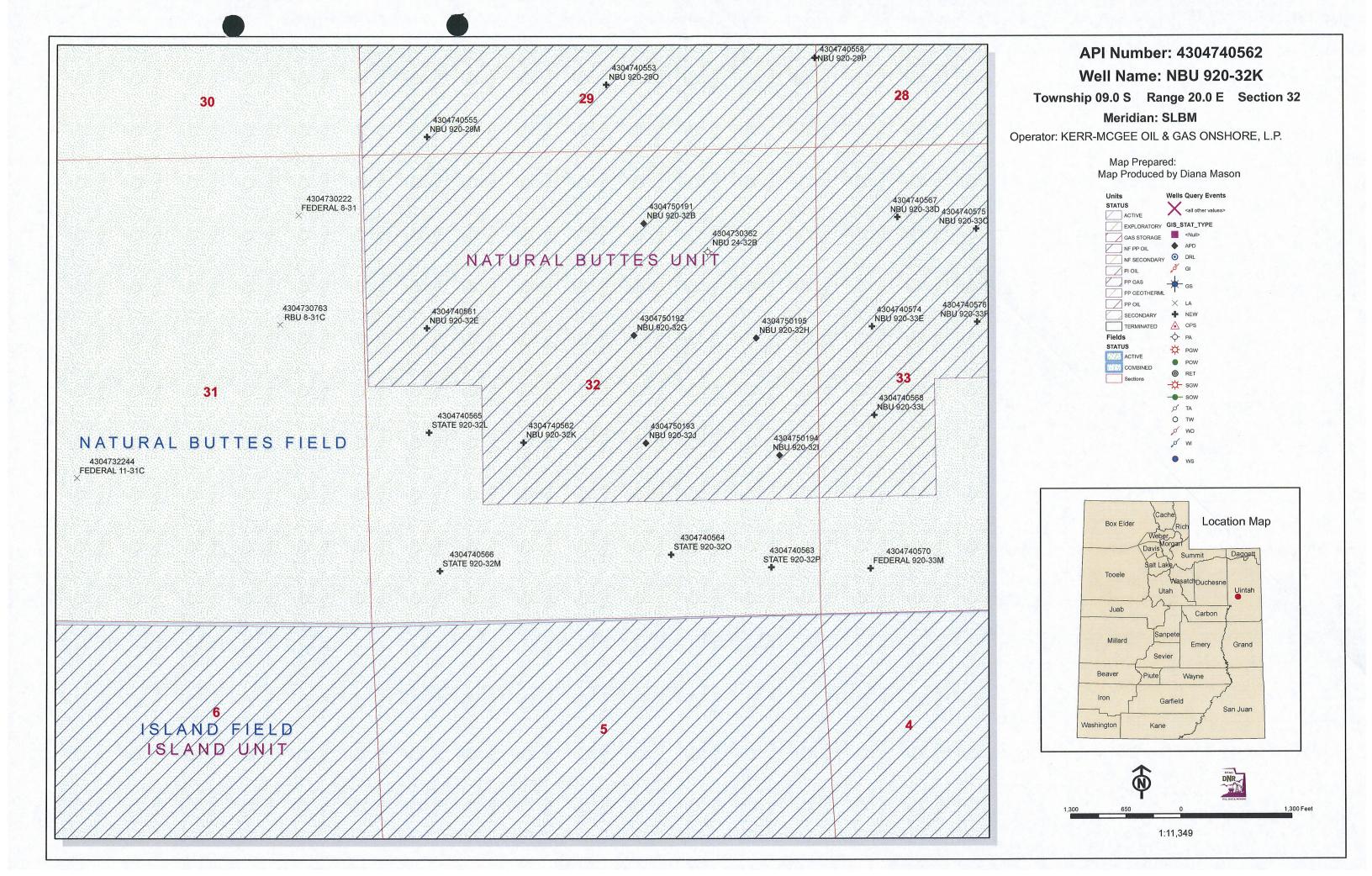
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WORKSHEET

APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO DRILL

APD RECEIVED: 02/17/2009		API NO. ASSIG	NED: 43-04	7-40562
WELL NAME: NBU 920-32K OPERATOR: KERR-MCGEE OIL & GAS (N2995) CONTACT: RALEEN WHITE		PHONE NUMBER:	720-929-666	56
PROPOSED LOCATION:		INSPECT LOCATN	BY: /	/
NESW 32 090S 200E SURFACE: 2095 FSL 1813 FWL		Tech Review	Initials	Date
BOTTOM: 2095 FSL 1813 FWL		Engineering	DRO	4/23/09
COUNTY: UINTAH LATITUDE: 39.98943 LONGITUDE: -109.6928		Geology		
UTM SURF EASTINGS: 611603 NORTHINGS: 4427	192	Surface		
LEASE TYPE: 3 - State LEASE NUMBER: ML-22140 SURFACE OWNER: 2 - Indian RECEIVED AND/OR REVIEWED:	LOCATI	PROPOSED FORMAT COALBED METHANE ON AND SITING:		MVD
✓ Plat ✓ Bond: Fed[] Ind[] Sta[] Fee[] (No. 22013542) Potash (Y/N) ✓ Oil Shale 190-5 (B) or 190-3 or 190-13 Water Permit (No. 43-8496) N RDCC Review (Y/N) (Date:) NA Fee Surf Agreement (Y/N) NA Intent to Commingle (Y/N)	Unit: R	NATURAL BUTTES 649-3-2. Gener iting: 460 From Qt 649-3-3. Excep rilling Unit Board Cause No: Eff Date: Siting: 460 From Qt Cause No: Dire	173-1 12-2-1 2-4-1	999 Comm. Tras
STIPULATIONS: Locat S Stipulations: 2-0.151 3-Sitate 4-STATEM	lyprova(ned e ' Csy Cu	of Stip.	•	



Application for Permit to Drill Statement of Basis

4/27/2009

Utah Division of Oil, Gas and Mining

Page 1

APD No

API WellNo

Status

Well Type

Surf Ownr

CBM

1447

43-047-40562-00-00

GW

T

No

KERR-MCGEE OIL & GAS ONSHORE, L.P. Surface Owner-APD

NATURAL BUTTES

Field

Well Name NBU 920-32K

Unit

NATURAL BUTTES

Type of Work

Location

NESW 32 9S 20E S

2095 FSL 1813 FWL GPS Coord (UTM) 611603E 4427192N

Geologic Statement of Basis

Kerr McGee proposes to set 2,800' of surface casing at this location. The depth to the base of the moderately saline water at this location is estimated to be at a depth of 1,400'. A search of Division of Water Rights records shows no water wells within a 10,000 foot radius of the center of Section 32. The surface formation at this site is the Uinta Formation. The Uinta Formation is made up of interbedded shales and sandstones. The sandstones are mostly lenticular and discontinuous and should not be a significant source of useable ground water. The proposed casing and cement should adequately protect. Any usable ground water.

Brad Hill

4/27/2009

APD Evaluator

Date / Time

Surface Statement of Basis

The surface rights for the proposed well are owned by the Ute Tribe. The operator is responsible for obtaining any required surface permits or rights-of-way.

Brad Hill

4/27/2009

Onsite Evaluator

Date / Time

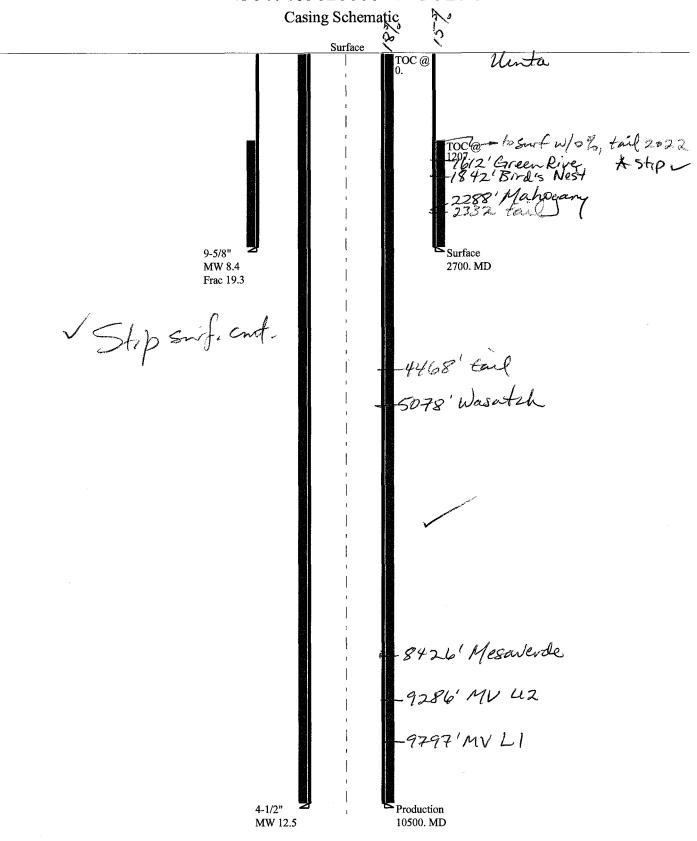
Conditions of Approval / Application for Permit to Drill

Category

Condition

None

43047405620000 NBU 920-32K



Well name:

43047405620000 NBU 920-32K

Operator:

Kerr McGee Oil & Gas Onshore L.P.

String type:

Surface

Project ID:

43-047-40562-0000

Location:

Uintah County, Utah

Design parameters:

Collapse Mudweig

Mud weight: 8.400 ppg Design is based on evacuated pipe.

Minimum design factors:

Collapse:

Design factor 1.125

Environment:

H2S considered?
Surface temperature:

No 75 °F

Bottom hole temperature: 113 °F
Temperature gradient: 1.40 °F/100ft
Minimum section length: 1,300 ft

Burst:

Design factor 1.00

Cement top:

1,207 ft

<u>Burst</u>

Max anticipated surface

pressure: 2,106 psi Internal gradient: 0.220 psi/ft Calculated BHP 2,700 psi

No backup mud specified.

Tension:

8 Round STC: 1.80 (J) 8 Round LTC: 1.80 (J) Buttress: 1.60 (J) Promium: 1.50 (J)

Premium: 1.50 (J) Body yield: 1.50 (B)

Tension is based on buoyed weight. Neutral point: 2,364 ft Non-directional string.

Re subsequent strings:

Next setting depth: 10,500 ft
Next mud weight: 12.500 ppg
Next setting BHP: 6,818 psi
Fracture mud wt: 19.250 ppg

Fracture mud wt: Fracture depth: Injection pressure:

2,700 ft 2,700 psi

Run Seq	Segment Length (ft)	Size (in)	Nominal Weight (lbs/ft)	Grade	End Finish	True Vert Depth (ft)	Measured Depth (ft)	Drift Diameter (in)	Internal Capacity (ft³)
1	2700	9.625	36.00	J-55	LT&C	2700	2700	8.796	1172
Run Seq	Collapse Load (psi) 1178	Collapse Strength (psi) 2020	Collapse Design Factor 1.715	Burst Load (psi) 2700	Burst Strength (psi) 3520	Burst Design Factor 1.30	Tension Load (Kips) 85	Tension Strength (Kips) 453	Tension Design Factor 5.32 J

Prepared

Helen Sadik-Macdonald Div of Oil, Gas & Mining Phone: (801) 538-5357 FAX: (801) 359-3940 Date: April 16,2009 Salt Lake City, Utah

Remarks:

Collapse is based on a vertical depth of 2700 ft, a mud weight of 8.4 ppg. The casing is considered to be evacuated for collapse purposes. Collapse strength is based on the Westcott, Dunlop & Kemler method of biaxial correction for tension.

Burst strength is not adjusted for tension.

Well name:

43047405620000 NBU 920-32K

Minimum design factors:

Operator:

Kerr McGee Oil & Gas Onshore L.P.

String type:

Production

Project ID:

43-047-40562-0000

Location:

Uintah County, Utah

Environment:

Collapse: Collapse

Mud weight: Internal fluid density:

Design parameters:

12.500 ppg 2.330 ppg Design factor

1.125

H2S considered? No Surface temperature: 75 °F

Bottom hole temperature: 222 °F 1.40 °F/100ft Temperature gradient:

Minimum section length: 1,500 ft

Burst:

Design factor

1.00

1.80 (J)

1.80 (J) 1.60 (J)

1.50 (J)

Cement top:

Surface

Burst

Max anticipated surface

pressure: Internal gradient:

Calculated BHP

4,508 psi 0.220 psi/ft

6,818 psi

No backup mud specified.

Tension:

8 Round STC: 8 Round LTC: Buttress:

Premium: Body yield:

1.50 (B)

Non-directional string.

Tension is based on buoyed weight. Neutral point: 8,538 ft

Run Seq	Segment Length (ft)	Size (in)	Nominal Weight (lbs/ft)	Grade	End Finish	True Vert Depth (ft)	Measured Depth (ft)	Drift Diameter (in)	Internal Capacity (ft³)
1	10500	4.5	11.60	P-110	LT&C	10500	10500	3.875	916.3
Run Seq	Collapse Load (psi) 5547	Collapse Strength (psi) 7580	Collapse Design Factor 1.366	Burst Load (psi) 6818	Burst Strength (psi) 10690	Burst Design Factor 1.57	Tension Load (Kips) 99	Tension Strength (Kips) 279	Tension Design Factor 2.82 J

Prepared

Helen Sadik-Macdonald Div of Oil, Gas & Mining

Phone: (801) 538-5357 FAX: (801) 359-3940

Date: March 26,2009 Salt Lake City, Utah

Remarks:

Collapse is based on a vertical depth of 10500 ft, a mud weight of 12.5 ppg An internal gradient of .121 psi/ft was used for collapse from TD Collapse strength is based on the Westcott, Dunlop & Kemler method of biaxial correction for tension.

Burst strength is not adjusted for tension.

BOPE REVIEW

Kerr-McGee NBU 920-32K API 43-047-40562-0000

INPUT						
Well Name	Kerr-McGee	NBU 9	20-32K	API 43-047	-40562-0000	
	String 1		String 2			
Casing Size (")		9 5/8		4 1/2		1 1
Setting Depth (TVD)		2700		10500		
Previous Shoe Setting Depth (TVD)		40	100	2700		
Max Mud Weight (ppg)		8.4		12.5	-	
BOPE Proposed (psi)		500		5000		
Casing Internal Yield (psi)		3520		10690		
Operators Max Anticipated Pressure (psi)		6705		12.3	ppg 🗸	

Calculations	String 1	9 5/8	. "	
Max BHP [psi]	.052*Setting Depth*MW =	1179		
			BOPE Adequate	For Drilling And Setting Casing at Depth?
MASP (Gas) [psi]	Max BHP-(0.12*Setting Depth) =	855	NO	Air Drill to surface shoe with diverter
MASP (Gas/Mud) [psi]	Max BHP-(0.22*Setting Depth) =	585	NO	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		*Can Full Expect	ted Pressure Be Held At Previous Shoe?
Pressure At Previous Shoe	Max BHP22*(Setting Depth - Previous Shoe Depth) =	594	NO 12	easonable Dooth in area
Required Casing/BOPE Test	Pressure	2464		
*Max Pressure Allowed @ Pi	revious Casing Shoe =	40	psi	*Assumes 1psi/ft frac gradient

Calculations	String 2	4 1/2	77		
Max BHP [psi]	.052*Setting Depth*MW =	6825			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		BOPE	Adequ	uate For Drilling And Setting Casing at Depth?
MASP (Gas) [psi]	Max BHP-(0.12*Setting Depth) =	5565		NO	
MASP (Gas/Mud) [psi]	Max BHP-(0.22*Setting Depth) =	4515		YES	
			*Can F	ull Ex	pected Pressure Be Held At Previous Shoe?
Pressure At Previous Shoe	Max BHP22*(Setting Depth - Previous Shoe Depth) =	5109		NO	(Deasonable
Required Casing/BOPE Test	Pressure	5000	psi		
*Max Pressure Allowed @ Previous Casing Shoe =		2700	ps) <		*Assumes 1psi/ft frac gradient

United States Department of the Interior

BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT Utah State Office P.O. Box 45155

Salt Lake City, Utah 84145-0155

IN REPLY REFER TO: 3160 (UT-922)

March 2, 2009

Memorandum

To:

Assistant District Manager Minerals, Vernal District

From:

Michael Coulthard, Petroleum Engineer

Subject:

2009 Plan of Development Natural Buttes Unit Uintah

County, Utah.

Pursuant to email between Diana Whitney, Division of Oil, Gas and Mining, and Mickey Coulthard, Utah State Office, Bureau of Land Management, the following wells are planned for calendar year 2009 within the Natural Buttes Unit, Uintah County, Utah.

API #

WELL NAME

LOCATION

(Proposed PZ Wasatch/MesaVerde)

```
43-047-40553
             NBU 920-290 Sec 29 T09S R20E 0746 FSL 2465 FEL
43-047-40554
             NBU 920-29L Sec 29 T09S R20E 1572 FSL 0754 FWL
43-047-40555
             NBU 920-29M Sec 29 T09S R20E 0159 FSL 0757 FWL
43-047-40556
             NBU 920-29I Sec 29 T09S R20E 2164 FSL 0400 FEL
43-047-40557
             NBU 920-29K Sec 29 T09S R20E 2208 FSL 2197
             NBU 920-29P
                          Sec 29 T09S R20E 1038 FSL 0018 FEL
43-047-40558
43-047-40559
             NBU 920-29J
                         Sec 29 T09S R20E 1977 FSL 1747
             NBU 920-29N Sec 29 T09S R20E 1254 FSL 2098
43-047-40560
43-047-40542
             NBU 920-220 Sec 22 T09S R20E 0198 FSL 2487
             NBU 920-22K Sec 22 T09S R20E 2128 FSL 2497
43-047-40543
             NBU 920-22I Sec 22 T09S R20E 1965 FSL 0599
43-047-40544
             NBU 920-22J Sec 22 T09S R20E 2086 FSL 1575
43-047-40545
             NBU 920-20B Sec 20 T09S R20E 1229 FNL 1580
43-047-40538
43-047-40536
             NBU 920-20C Sec 20 T09S R20E 0963 FNL 1754
             NBU 920-20F Sec 20 T09S R20E 1794 FNL 2199
43-047-40537
             NBU 920-20E Sec 20 T09S R20E 1644 FNL 1084
43-047-40539
             NBU 920-20D Sec 20 T09S R20E 0646 FNL 0686
43-047-40540
43-047-40541 NBU 920-21J Sec 21 T09S R20E 2346 FSL 1748 FEL
43-047-40561 NBU 920-32E Sec 32 T09S R20E 2052 FNL 0707 FWL
43-047-40562 NBU 920-32K Sec 32 T09S R20E 2095 FSL 1813 FWL
43-047-40567
             NBU 920-33D Sec 33 T09S R20E 0821 FNL 0925
43-047-40568 NBU 920-33L Sec 33 T09S R20E 2299 FSL 0625
43-047-40574 NBU 920-33E Sec 33 T09S R20E 2079 FNL 0611 FWL
43-047-40575 NBU 920-33C Sec 33 T09S R20E 0971 FNL 1851 FWL
```

43-047-40576 NBU 920-33F Sec 33 T09S R20E 2048 FNL 1845 FWL 43-047-40535 NBU 920-15PT Sec 15 T09S R20E 0591 FSL 0696 FEL

This office has no objection to permitting the wells at this time.

/s/ Michael L. Coulthard

bcc: File – Natural Buttes Unit
Division of Oil Gas and Mining
Central Files
Agr. Sec. Chron
Fluid Chron

MCoulthard:mc:3-2-09



Lieutenant Governor

State of Utah

DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

MICHAEL R. STYLER Executive Director

Division of Oil, Gas and Mining

JOHN R. BAZA

Division Director

April 27, 2009

Kerr-McGee Oil & Gas Onshore, LP P O Box 173779 Denver, CO 80202-3779

Re:

NBU 920-32K Well, 2095' FSL, 1813' FWL, NE SW, Sec. 32, T. 9 South, R. 20 East,

Uintah County, Utah

Gentlemen:

Pursuant to the provisions and requirements of Utah Code Ann.§ 40-6-1 et seq., Utah Administrative Code R649-3-1 et seq., and the attached Conditions of Approval, approval to drill the referenced well is granted.

This approval shall expire one year from the above date unless substantial and continuous operation is underway, or a request for extension is made prior to the expiration date. The API identification number assigned to this well is 43-047-40562.

Sincerely,

Gil Hunt

Associate Director

pab Enclosures

cc:

Uintah County Assessor

Bureau of Land Management, Vernal Office

SITLA



Operator:	Kerr-McGee Oil & Gas Onshore, LP
Well Name & Number	NBU 920-32K
API Number:	43-047-40562
Lease:	ML-22140
,	

Location: NE SW

Sec. 32

T. 9 South

R. 20 East

Conditions of Approval

1. General

Compliance with the requirements of Utah Admin. R. 649-1 *et seq.*, the Oil and Gas Conservation General Rules, and the applicable terms and provisions of the approved Application for permit to drill.

2. Notification Requirements

The operator is required to notify the Division of Oil, Gas and Mining of the following action during drilling of this well:

- 24 hours prior to cementing or testing casing contact Dan Jarvis
- 24 hours prior to testing blowout prevention equipment contact Dan Jarvis
- 24 hours prior to spudding the well contact Carol Daniels
- Within 24 hours of any emergency changes made to the approved drilling program contact Dustin Doucet
- Prior to commencing operations to plug and abandon the well contact Dan Jarvis

The operator is required to get approval from the Division of Oil, Gas and Mining before performing any of the following actions during the drilling of this well:

- Plugging and abandonment or significant plug back of this well contact Dustin Doucet
- Any changes to the approved drilling plan contact Dustin Doucet

The following are Division of Oil, Gas and Mining contacts and their telephone numbers (please leave a voice mail message if the person is not available to take the call):

• Dan Jarvis at:

(801) 538-5338 office

(801) 942-0871 home

• Carol Daniels at:

(801) 538-5284 office

• Dustin Doucet at:

(801) 538-5281 office

(801) 733-0983 home

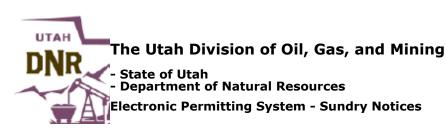
3. Reporting Requirements

All required reports, forms and submittals will be promptly filed with the Division, including but not limited to the Entity Action Form (Form 6), Report of Water Encountered During Drilling (Form 7), Weekly Progress Reports for drilling and completion operations, and Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells requesting approval of change of plans or other operational actions.

Page 2 43-047-40562 April 27, 2009

- 4. Compliance with the State of Utah Antiquities Act forbids disturbance of archeological, historical, or paleontological remains. Should archeological, historical or paleontological remains be encountered during your operations, you are required to immediately suspend all operations and immediately inform the Trust Lands Administration and the Division of State History of the discovery of such remains.
- 5. Compliance with the Conditions of Approval/Application for Permit to Drill outlined in the Statement of Basis. (Copy Attached)
- 6. In accordance with Order in Cause No. 190-5(b) dated October 28, 1982, the Operator shall comply with requirements of Rules R649-3-31 and R649-3-27 pertaining to Designated Oil Shale Areas. Additionally, the operator shall ensure that the surface and/or production casing is properly cemented over the entire oil shale interval as defined by Rule R649-3-31. The Operator shall report the actual depth the oil shale is encountered to the Division.
- 7. Surface casing shall be cemented to the surface.
- 8. State approval of this well does not supersede the required federal approval, which must be obtained prior to drilling.

		FORM 9	
	DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES DIVISION OF OIL, GAS, AND MINI		5.LEASE DESIGNATION AND SERIAL NUMBER: ML-22140
	RY NOTICES AND REPORTS O		6. IF INDIAN, ALLOTTEE OR TRIBE NAME: UTE
Do not use this form for propos bottom-hole depth, reenter plu DRILL form for such proposals.	kisting wells below current APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO	7.UNIT or CA AGREEMENT NAME: NATURAL BUTTES	
1. TYPE OF WELL Gas Well		8. WELL NAME and NUMBER: NBU 920-32K	
2. NAME OF OPERATOR: KERR-MCGEE OIL & GAS ONSI	HORE, L.P.		9. API NUMBER: 43047405620000
3. ADDRESS OF OPERATOR: P.O. Box 173779 1099 18th S	treet, Suite 600, Denver, CO, 80217 3779	PHONE NUMBER: 720 929-6007 Ext	9. FIELD and POOL or WILDCAT: NATURAL BUTTES
4. LOCATION OF WELL FOOTAGES AT SURFACE: 2095 FSL 1813 FWL			COUNTY: UINTAH
QTR/QTR, SECTION, TOWNSHI Qtr/Qtr: NESW Section: 32	P, RANGE, MERIDIAN: Township: 09.0S Range: 20.0E Meridian: S		STATE: UTAH
11. CHE	CK APPROPRIATE BOXES TO INDICATE	NATURE OF NOTICE, REPORT,	OR OTHER DATA
TYPE OF SUBMISSION		TYPE OF ACTION	
	ACIDIZE	ALTER CASING	CASING REPAIR
✓ NOTICE OF INTENT Approximate date work will start:	☐ CHANGE TO PREVIOUS PLANS	CHANGE TUBING	☐ CHANGE WELL NAME
4/27/2010	☐ CHANGE WELL STATUS	COMMINGLE PRODUCING FORMATIONS	☐ CONVERT WELL TYPE
SUBSEQUENT REPORT	DEEPEN	FRACTURE TREAT	☐ NEW CONSTRUCTION
Date of Work Completion:	OPERATOR CHANGE	PLUG AND ABANDON	☐ PLUG BACK
	PRODUCTION START OR RESUME	RECLAMATION OF WELL SITE	RECOMPLETE DIFFERENT FORMATION
SPUD REPORT Date of Spud:	REPERFORATE CURRENT FORMATION	SIDETRACK TO REPAIR WELL	TEMPORARY ABANDON
	☐ TUBING REPAIR	VENT OR FLARE	WATER DISPOSAL
☐ DRILLING REPORT	☐ WATER SHUTOFF	SI TA STATUS EXTENSION	✓ APD EXTENSION
Report Date:	☐ WILDCAT WELL DETERMINATION	OTHER	OTHER:
Kerr-McGee Oil & Ga extension to this A	MPLETED OPERATIONS. Clearly show all pertings Onshore, L.P. (Kerr-McGee) of PD for the maximum time allow with any questions and/or comm	respectfully requests an yed. Please contact the ments. Thank you.	Approved by the Utah Division of Oil, Gas and Mining ate: May 03, 2010 y:
NAME (PLEASE PRINT) Danielle Piernot	PHONE NUMBER 720 929-6156	TITLE Regulatory Analyst	
SIGNATURE	,20 323 0130	DATE	
N/A		4/27/2010	



Request for Permit Extension Validation Well Number 43047405620000

API: 43047405620000 Well Name: NBU 920-32K

Location: 2095 FSL 1813 FWL QTR NESW SEC 32 TWNP 090S RNG 200E MER S

Company Permit Issued to: KERR-MCGEE OIL & GAS ONSHORE, L.P.

Date Original Permit Issued: 4/27/2009

The undersigned as owner with legal rights to drill on the property as permitted above, hereby verifies that requ

	sion as submitted in the sion. Following is a chec						
	ited on private land, has ed? 📗 Yes 🌘 No	the owners	ship changed, if	so, has the s	urface a	greement been	
	any wells been drilled in requirements for this lo			d well which	would a	ffect the spacing	or
	ere been any unit or otles proposed well?		ents put in place	that could a	ffect the	permitting or op	eration
	there been any changes the proposed location?			ig ownership	, or righ	tof- way, which o	could
• Has th	e approved source of w	ater for dril	ling changed?(Yes 📵	No		
	there been any physical e in plans from what wa					which will requir No	e a
• Is bon	nding still in place, which	n covers this	s proposed well?	? 📵 Yes 🗍	🎚 No U	pproved by th tah Division o , Gas and Mini	f
	Danielle Piernot	Date: 4/					
Title:	Regulatory Analyst Repre	senting: Ki	ERR-MCGEE OIL &	GAS ONSHOR	<u> Pate:</u>	May 03, 2010	
	- , , ·	-			, p	Of the Oc	

Sig

By: Down

Sundry Number: 14212 API Well Number: 43047405620000

	STATE OF UTAH DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES		FORM 9
	DIVISION OF OIL, GAS, AND MININ	G	5.LEASE DESIGNATION AND SERIAL NUMBER: ML-22140
	RY NOTICES AND REPORTS OF		6. IF INDIAN, ALLOTTEE OR TRIBE NAME: UTE
Do not use this form for propo bottom-hole depth, reenter plu DRILL form for such proposals	7.UNIT or CA AGREEMENT NAME: NATURAL BUTTES		
1. TYPE OF WELL Gas Well			8. WELL NAME and NUMBER: NBU 920-32K
2. NAME OF OPERATOR: KERR-MCGEE OIL & GAS ONS	HORE, L.P.		9. API NUMBER: 43047405620000
3. ADDRESS OF OPERATOR: P.O. Box 173779 1099 18th S	PHONE N Street, Suite 600, Denver, CO, 80217 3779	IUMBER: 720 929-6515 Ext	9. FIELD and POOL or WILDCAT: NATURAL BUTTES
4. LOCATION OF WELL FOOTAGES AT SURFACE: 2095 FSL 1813 FWL			COUNTY: UINTAH
QTR/QTR, SECTION, TOWNSH Qtr/Qtr: NESW Section: 32	IP, RANGE, MERIDIAN: ! Township: 09.0S Range: 20.0E Meridian: S		STATE: UTAH
11. CHE	CK APPROPRIATE BOXES TO INDICATE N	IATURE OF NOTICE, REPORT	, OR OTHER DATA
TYPE OF SUBMISSION		TYPE OF ACTION	
Kerr-McGee Oil & G extension to this A	CHANGE TO PREVIOUS PLANS CHANGE WELL STATUS DEEPEN OPERATOR CHANGE PRODUCTION START OR RESUME REPERFORATE CURRENT FORMATION TUBING REPAIR WATER SHUTOFF	espectfully requests and ed. Please contact the nents. Thank you.	NEW CONSTRUCTION PLUG BACK RECOMPLETE DIFFERENT FORMATION TEMPORARY ABANDON WATER DISPOSAL ✓ APD EXTENSION OTHER: Volumes, etc.
NAME (PLEASE PRINT)	PHONE NUMBER	TITLE Regulatory Applyat	
Andy Lytle SIGNATURE	720 929-6100	Regulatory Analyst DATE 4/7/2011	
N/A		4/7/2011	

Sundry Number: 14212 API Well Number: 43047405620000



The Utah Division of Oil, Gas, and Mining

- State of Utah
- Department of Natural Resources

Electronic Permitting System - Sundry Notices

Request for Permit Extension Validation Well Number 43047405620000

API: 43047405620000 **Well Name:** NBU 920-32K

Location: 2095 FSL 1813 FWL QTR NESW SEC 32 TWNP 090S RNG 200E MER S

Company Permit Issued to: KERR-MCGEE OIL & GAS ONSHORE, L.P.

Date Original Permit Issued: 4/27/2009

The undersigned as owner with legal rights to drill on the property as permitted above, hereby verifies that the information as submitted in the previously approved application to drill, remains valid and does not require revision. Following is a checklist of some items related to the application, which should be verified.

• If located on private land, has the ownership changed, if so, has the surface agreement been updated? Yes No
 Have any wells been drilled in the vicinity of the proposed well which would affect the spacing or siting requirements for this location? Yes No
 Has there been any unit or other agreements put in place that could affect the permitting or operation of this proposed well? Yes No
 Have there been any changes to the access route including ownership, or rightof- way, which could affect the proposed location? Yes No
• Has the approved source of water for drilling changed? 🔵 Yes 🌘 No
 Have there been any physical changes to the surface location or access route which will require a change in plans from what was discussed at the onsite evaluation? Yes No
• Is bonding still in place, which covers this proposed well? 🌘 Yes 🔘 No
Signature: Andy Lytle Date: 4/7/2011

Title: Regulatory Analyst Representing: KERR-MCGEE OIL & GAS ONSHORE, L.P.



Lieutenant Governor

State of Utah

DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

MICHAEL R. STYLER

Executive Director

Division of Oil, Gas and Mining

JOHN R. BAZA
Division Director

June 14, 2012

Kerr-McGee Oil & Gas Onshore, L.P. P.O. Box 173779 Denver, CO 80217

Re:

APD Rescinded - NBU 920-32K, Sec. 32, T.9S, R. 20E

Uintah County, Utah API No. 43-047-40562

Ladies and Gentlemen:

The Application for Permit to Drill (APD) for the subject well was approved by the Division of Oil, Gas and Mining (Division) on April 27, 2009. On May 3, 2010 and April 14, 2011 the Division granted a one-year APD extension. No drilling activity at this location has been reported to the division. Therefore, approval to drill the well is hereby rescinded, effective June 14, 2012.

If any previously unreported operations have been performed on this well location, it is imperative that you notify the Division immediately.

Sincerely,

Diana Mason

Environmental Scientist

cc: Well File

Bureau of Land Management, Vernal

SITLA, Ed Bonner

